

SafetyADD: A Tool for Safety-Contract Based Design

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What is SafetyADD?

- A tool for working with safety contracts for software components
 - Create safety contracts
 - Verify that contracts match when components are integrated
- Developed within the nSafeCer project (<http://safecer.eu>)

Research questions

- Investigate validity of safety contracts when changing context for components
- Explore how safety contracts can be expressed and used efficiently in the software design/certification process

Our goal with Safety-contract based design

- A foundation for realizing pre-certified software components
 - Simplify certification of complex systems
- Improve efficiency and reduce errors when integrating safety-critical software components

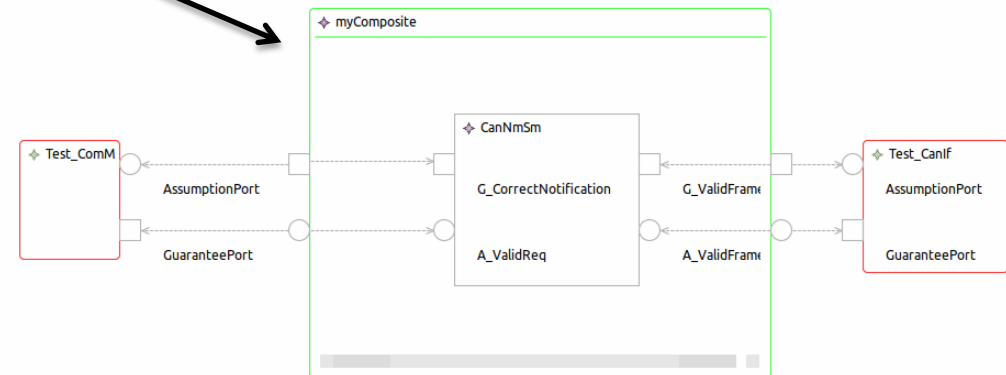
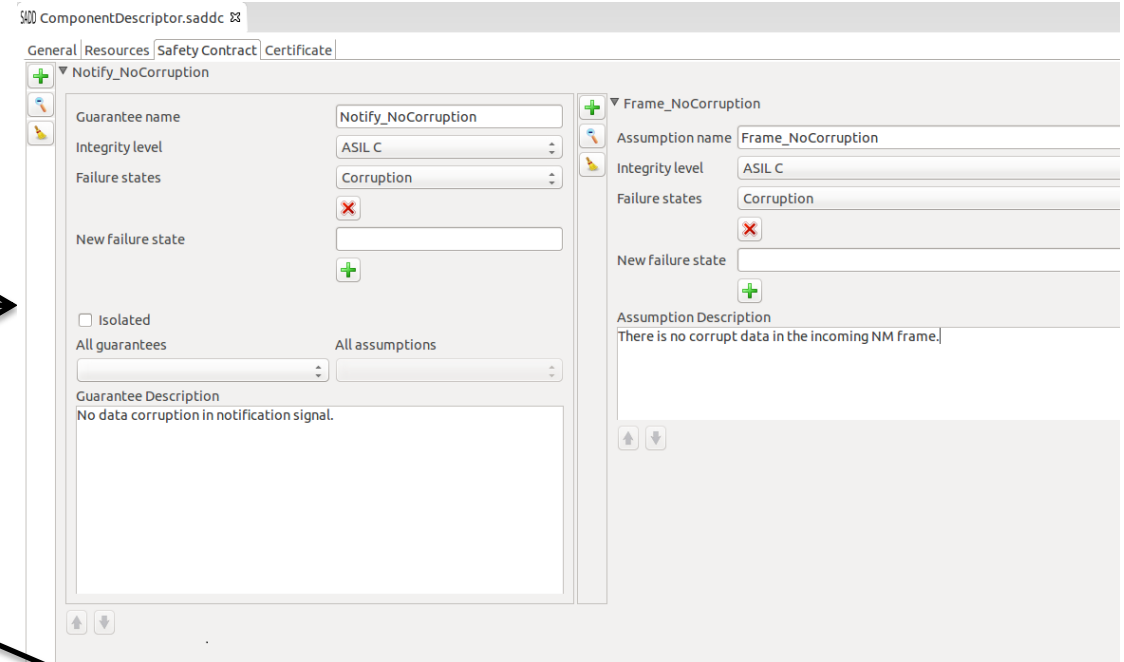
Outline

- SafetyADD overview
- Software components - primitive component
- Safety Contracts
 - Assumptions and guarantees
 - Demo
- Software integration - composite component
 - The composite component editor
 - Demo
- Contract checking
 - Example report
- Summary and future work

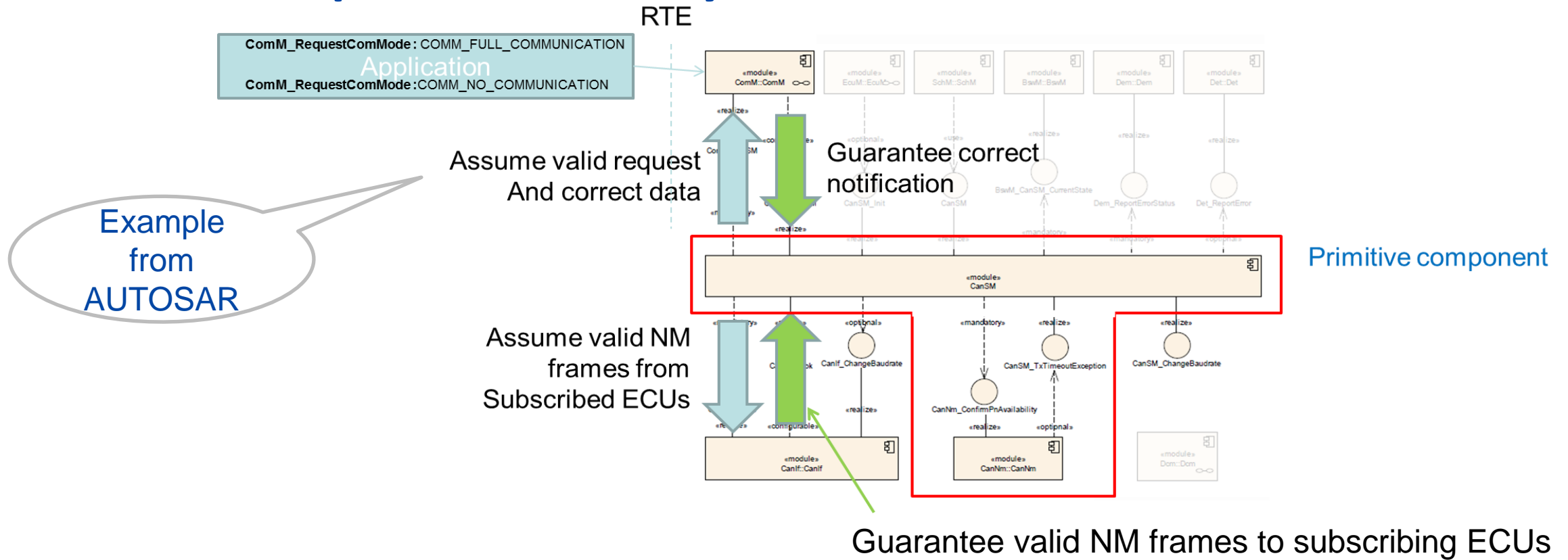


SafetyADD Overview

- Two main parts:
 - *Contract editor*
 - Create safety contract for a software component
 - *Composite component editor*
 - Connect existing components into composite components
 - Check that contracts match within the composite component
- Eclipse based (plugin)
 - Visual editors
 - Can be integrated in development workflow



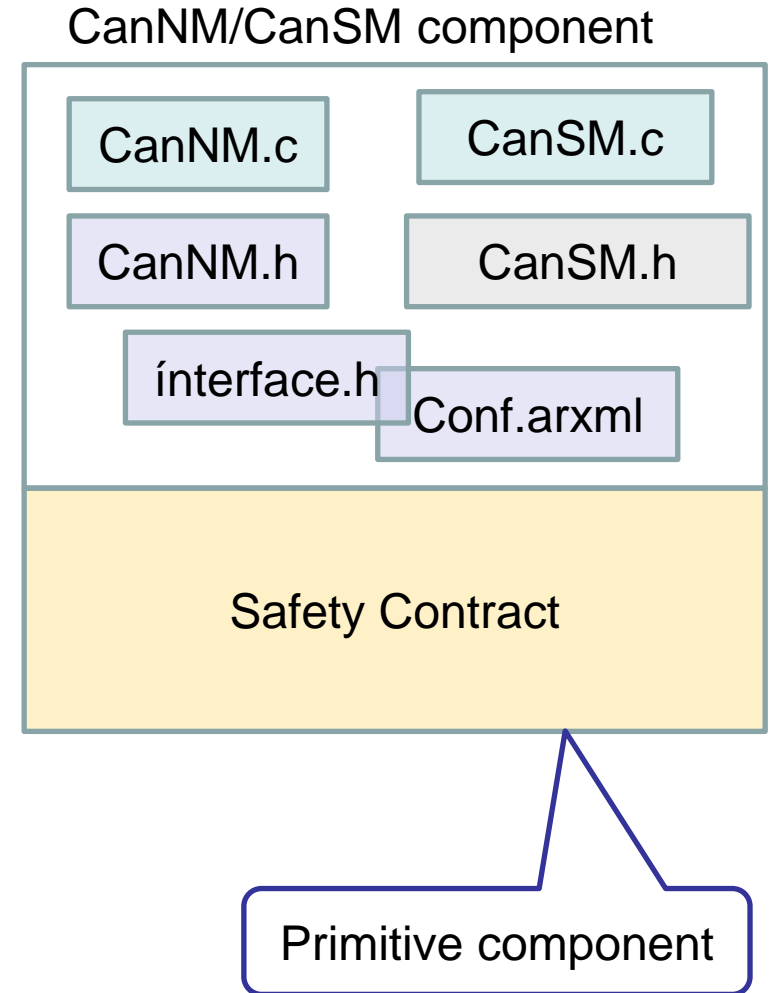
Primitive Component in SafetyADD



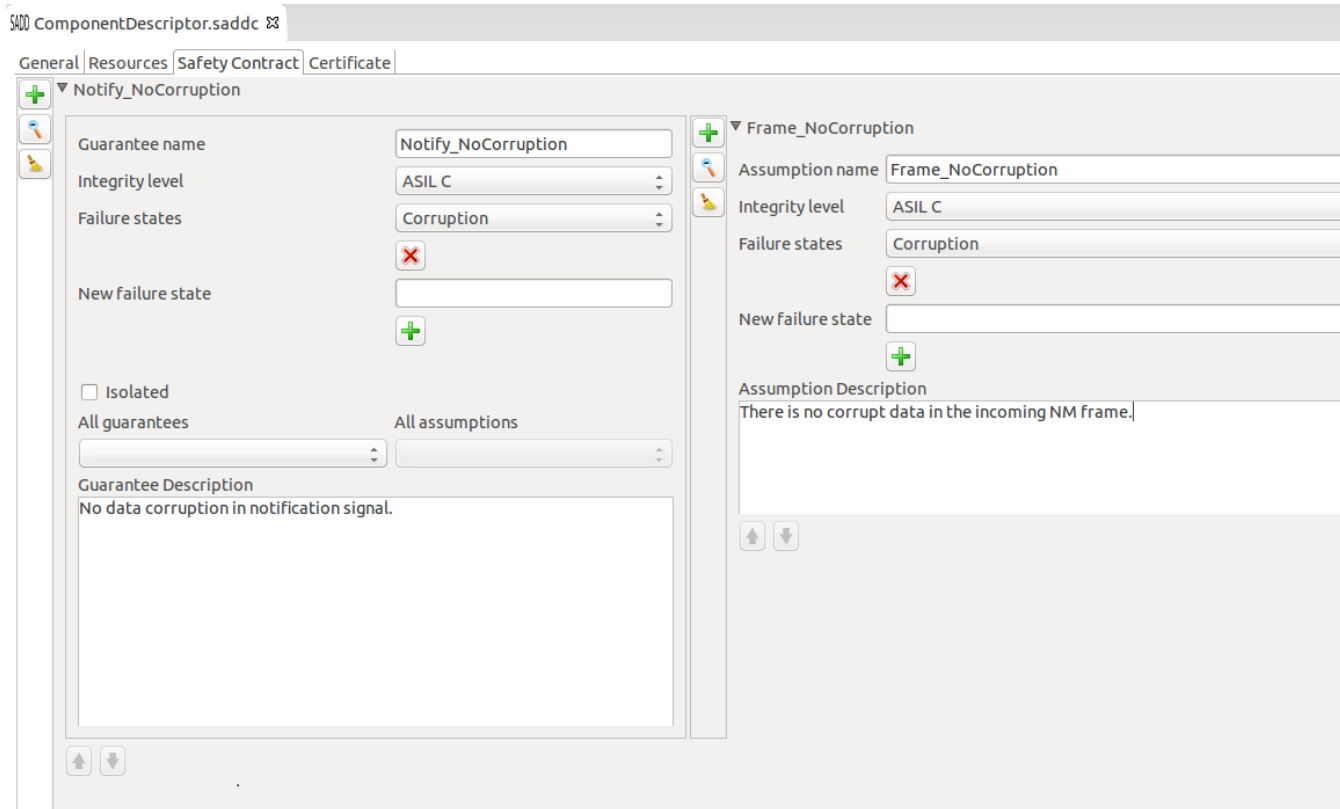
- A piece of software designed for reuse
- Well-defined: Known functionality, dependencies, side-effects, interfaces
- Not necessarily same boundaries as modules in the software architecture

Safety Contract

- Captures safety related properties of the component
 - Safety Element Out of Context (SEooC)
- Not part of the code (stored in an XML format)
 - For future use in pre-certified components: Safety argumentation ties contract to specific version of the code
- Component information
 - Name, resources
- *Guarantees*
 - Safety properties the component is verified to hold given certain assumptions
- *Assumptions*
 - Properties the component expects from the environment in order to uphold its guarantees



Safety Contract example (demo)



Request assume:

- !Omission
- !Commission
- !Corruption

Notification guarantee:

- !Omission
- !Commission
- !Corruption

CanNM/CanSM

Assume received
NM frames:

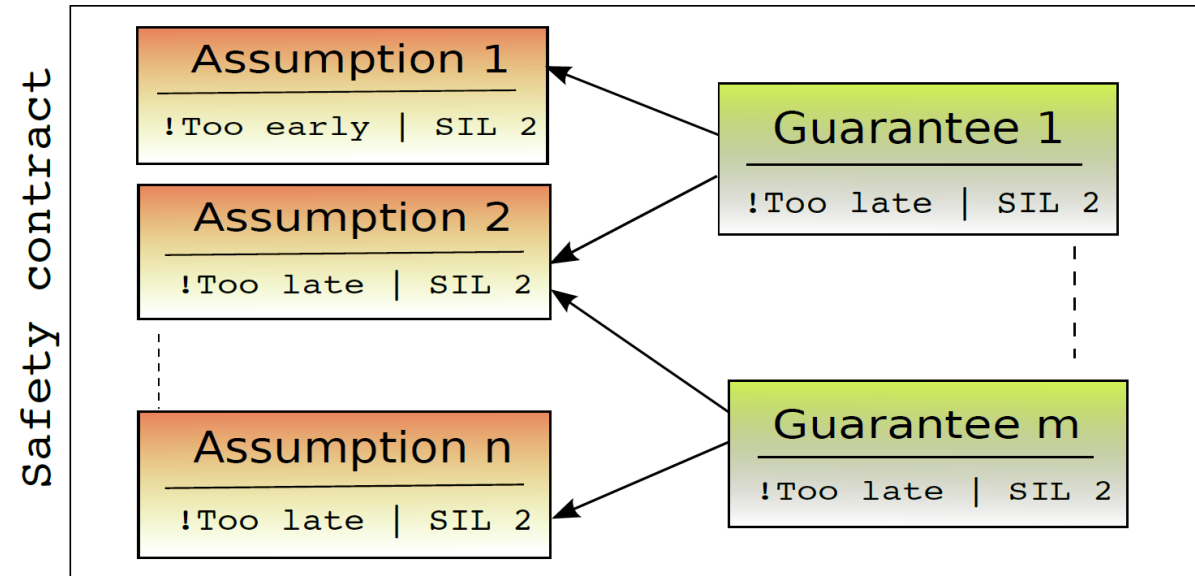
- !Omission
- !Commission
- !Corruption

Guarantee sent
NM frames

- !Omission
- !Commission
- !Corruption

Guarantee-Assumption Mapping Within a Contract (demo)

- Guarantee
 - Safety integrity level
 - Failure state
 - Associated with any number of assumptions
- Assumptions
 - Safety integrity level
 - Failure state
- Current limitations
 - Failure state only string matching
 - Several guarantees can not map to same assumption (as in picture)
- Next step
 - Work on failure state expressions



“Guarantee 1 is valid iff assumption 1 and assumption 2 are fulfilled by the environment”

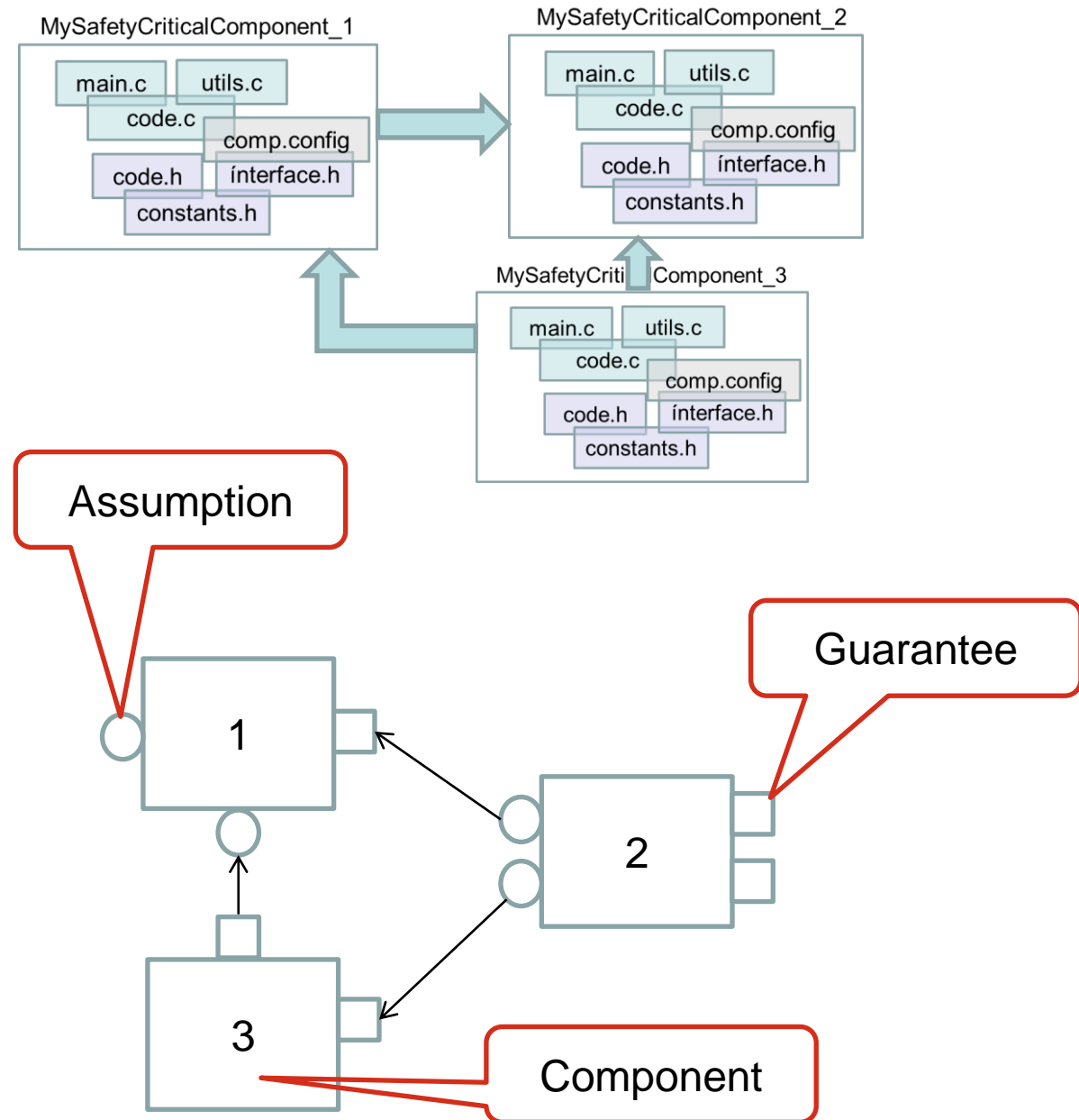
Composite Component

Software Integration

- Several software components are integrated to build a system or subsystem

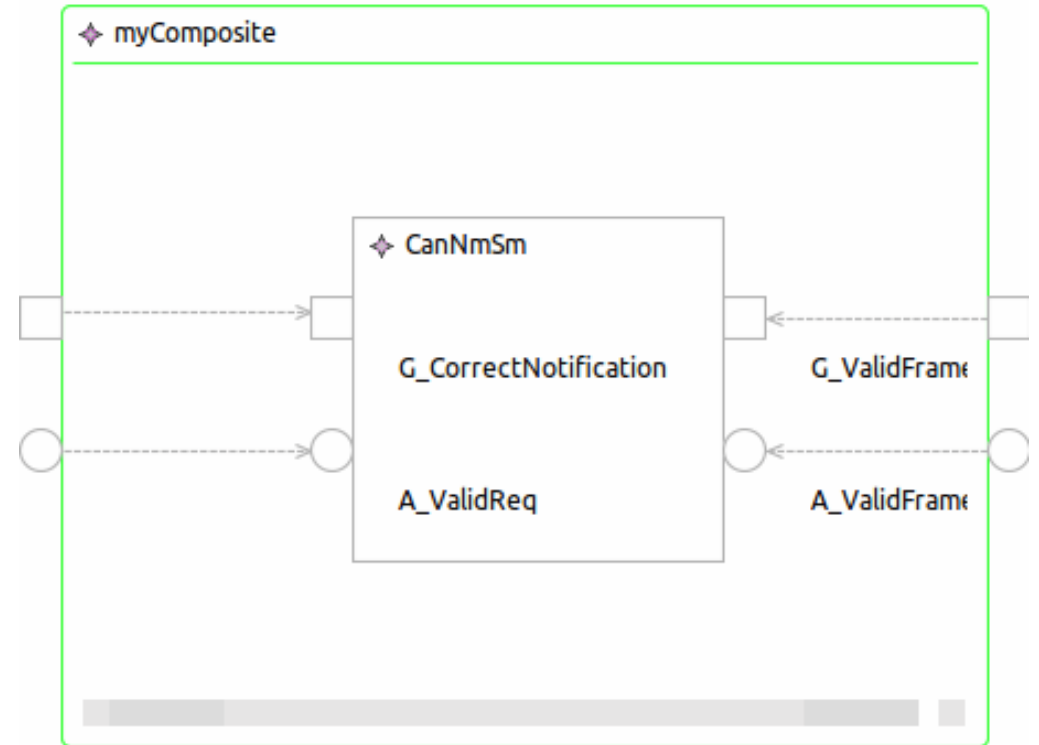
Composite components

- Safety contracts for dependent components must match
- Assumptions connected to matching guarantees
 - Assumption seen as **assignment of verification effort** to another component



Using the Composite Component Editor (demo)

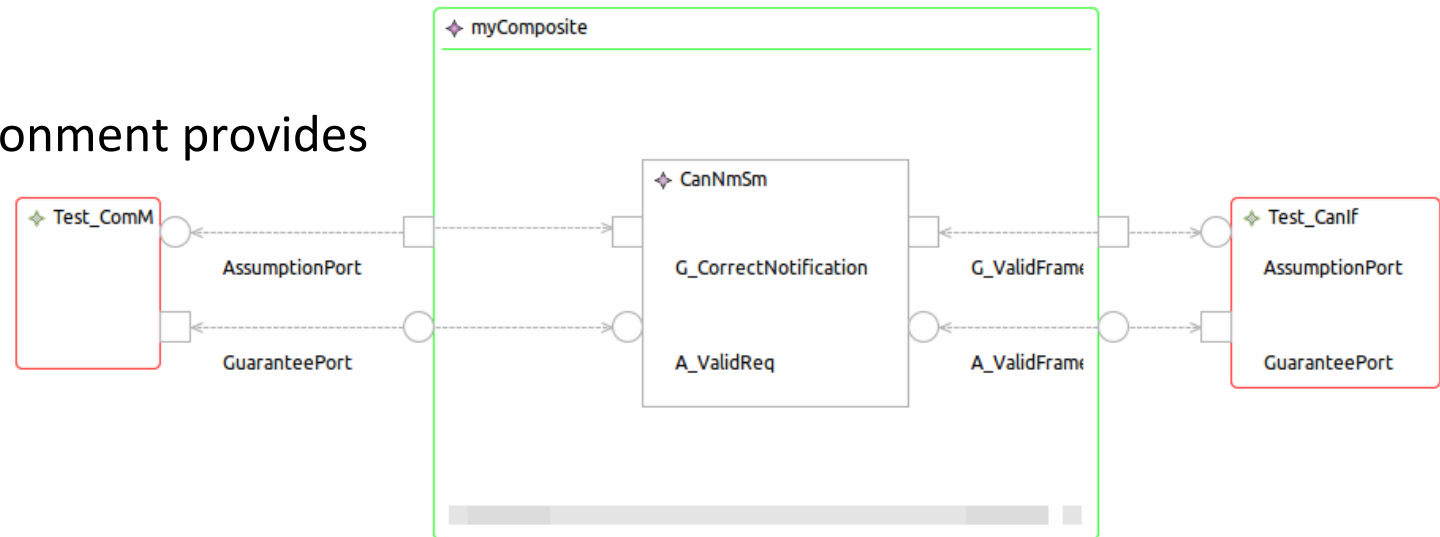
1. Create a composite component
2. Add primitive components
 - Assumptions/guarantees shown as ports
 - ToDo: Import of primitive components.
Support for nested composite components
3. Connect internal assumptions and guarantees
4. Export assumptions/guarantees not consumed within the composite component
 - Ports on the composite component border
 - Delegation connectors
 - Only exported assumptions/guarantees externally visible



Composite component

Contract Checking in Composite Component Editor

- Checking the validity of connections
 - ASIL and failure state match for all connections
 - No missing connections
- Test case of composite component
 - Test components define boundary for test
 - Represents HW, Application, or external component
- Test components indicate
 - Which guarantees to check
 - Which assumptions the environment provides

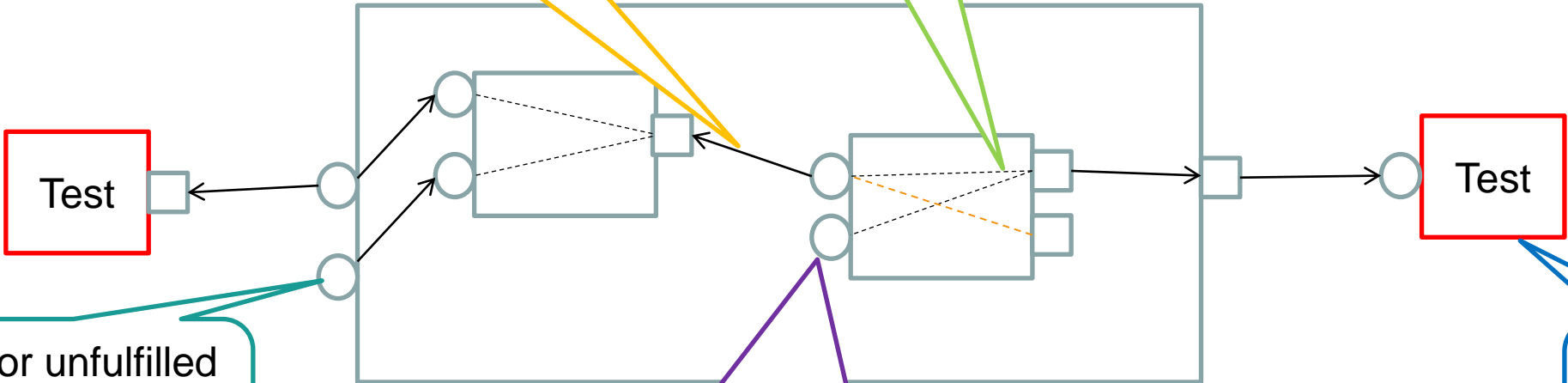


Contract Checking continued...

```
Pseudocode - path traversal algorithm  
G = set of <test component guarantees>;  
foreach g in G {  
  test_guarantee(g);  
}  
  
test_guarantee(g) {  
  A = set of <assumptions required by> g;  
  foreach a in A {  
    g_next = <guarantee connected to> a;  
    assert(g_next != NULL);  
    if(!is_test_component(g_next)) {  
      assert(contract_match(a, g_next));  
      test_guarantee(g_next);  
    }  
  }  
}
```

Check matching:
• ASIL
• Failure state

Contract shows which assumptions are needed



Check for unfulfilled environment assumptions

Check for unconnected (unfulfilled) internal assumptions

Path traversal starts here!



Summary and Future Work

- Initial goals has been to investigate...
 - Contract validity when changing context for a component
 - How safety contract can be used and managed in the software design and certification process
- Long-term goal
 - Handle safety contracts for pre-certified software components
- Ongoing work and future work ideas...
 - Complete the implementation of current features 😊
 - Refine contract specification (better failure state expression, ASIL decomposition)
 - Include checklist for safety argumentation for ISO 26262
 - Handle nested components
 - Handle configurable components
 - Handling of verification-artefacts and certificate

The background of the slide features a series of overlapping, semi-transparent petri dishes. Several hands are shown in a light grey tone, appearing to hold or interact with the dishes. The overall aesthetic is clean and scientific.

Questions?



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